



**AIRCRAFT USE & EXPOSURES**

Will the aircraft be used for any of the following?  
(Check all that apply)

- Powerline Patrol
- Logging
- Instruction & Rental
- Sports Teams
- Pipeline Patrol
- Cruise Ship
- Filming
- Aerial Photography
- Offshore
- Casinos
- Medivac
- Agriculture

Does the Applicant have any non-owned exposures involving any of the following types of aircraft?  
(Check all that apply)

- Balloons
- Hang Gliders
- Military Aircraft
- Ultralights
- Home-Builts
- Blimps

Does the Applicant have any non-owned aircraft exposures outside of the USA, Canada, Mexico or Western Europe?

Yes      No

If "YES", describe

Does the Applicant have any non-owned aircraft exposures inside Alaska?

Yes      No

Does the Applicant have any written procedures relating to use of aircraft?

Yes      No

If "YES", describe

What are the Applicant minimum internal written requirement for liability limits from aircraft owners/operators?

Is the Applicant an Additional Insured for any aircraft on the owner's/operator's policy?

Yes      No

**LOSS HISTORY & PREVIOUS AVIATION INSURANCE**

List all claims occurring during the last 5 years other than those associated to Workers Compensation. Should more space be required to report additional losses, the Applicant must attach the *Addendum (Loss History)* to provide details for such losses. The *Addendum (Loss History)* may be downloaded at <http://www.wbais.com>. Attach loss runs provided by your insurance company of available.

<u>Date of Loss</u>	<u>Description of Loss</u>	<u>Claims Total Paid</u>	<u>Outstanding Reserves</u>	<u>Expenses</u>
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Are loss amounts shown above reduced by a deductible?

Yes      No

If "YES", specify amount

Are loss amounts shown above reduced by a self-insured retention?

Yes      No

If "YES", specify amount

Has any insurer canceled, declined or refused to renew the Applicant's insurance?

Yes      No

If "YES", explain

Name of last or present aviation insurance company?

Expiration Date:

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**OTHER INFORMATION**

Please provide any other information relevant to this application.

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The Applicant certifies that the statements in this Application are true and that no material information has been withheld or suppressed. The Applicant agrees that this Application and the terms and conditions of the policy in use by the insurer shall be the basis of any contract between the Applicant and the Insurer. The Applicant hereby authorizes this Company to investigate all or any qualifications or statements contained herein. The Applicant understands that this application does not commit the Company to any liability nor make the Applicant liable for any premium unless the Company agrees to bind this insurance.

**FRAUD WARNING:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Applicant's Name (Please Print)

Applicant's Title

Applicant's Signature

Date

## FRAUD NOTICE

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance may be guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

### STATE-SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

- Arkansas** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- Colorado** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable for insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.
- District of Columbia** WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.
- Florida** Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.
- Hawaii** For your protection, Hawaii law requires you to be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.
- Kansas** Any person who knowingly and with the intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- Kentucky** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.
- Louisiana** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- Main** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or denial of insurance benefits.
- Maryland** Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- New Jersey** Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.
- New Mexico** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.
- New York** **All commercial insurance forms, except as provided for automobile insurance:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

**Automobile insurance forms:** Any person who knowingly makes or knowingly assists, abets, solicits or conspires with another to make a false report of the theft, destruction, damage or conversion of any motor

vehicle to a law enforcement agency, the department of motor vehicles or an insurance company, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the value of the subject motor vehicle or stated claim for each violation.

**Fire Insurance:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime. The proposed insured affirms that the foregoing information is true and agrees that these applications shall constitute a part of any policy issued whether attached or not and that any willful concealment or misrepresentation of a material fact or circumstances shall be grounds to rescind the insurance policy.

**Ohio** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

**Oklahoma** WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Oregon** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents materially false information in an application for insurance may be guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. In order for us to deny a claim on the basis of misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part, we must show that:

- A. The misinformation is material to the content of the policy;
- B. We relied upon the misinformation; and
- C. The information was either:
  1. Material to the risk assumed by us; or
  2. Provided fraudulently.

For remedies other than the denial of a claim, misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part must either be fraudulent or material to our interests.

With regard to fire insurance, in order to trigger the right to remedy, material misrepresentations must be willful or intentional.

Misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part are not fraudulent unless they are made with the intent to knowingly defraud.

**Pennsylvania** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

**Puerto Rico** Any person who knowingly and with the intention to defraud includes false information in an application for insurance or file, assist or abet in the filing of a fraudulent claim to obtain payment of a loss or other benefit, or files more than one claim for the same loss or damage, commits a felony and if found guilty shall be punished for each violation with a fine of no less than five thousands dollars (\$5,000), not to exceed ten thousands dollars (\$10,000); or imprisoned for a fixed term of three (3) years, or both. If aggravating circumstances exist, the fixed jail term may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years; and if mitigating circumstances are present, the jail term may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

**Rhode Island** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Tennessee** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Virginia** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Washington** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**West Virginia** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.